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DATE MAILED: 10/05/2006

APPLICATION NO	F	IĻING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/812,351		03/29/2004	Gary Durack	MTC 2001.1 (37-21(53260)B	2698
321	7590	10/05/2006		EXAM	INER
SENNIGE	R POWE	RS	SRIVASTAVA	SRIVASTAVA, KAILASH C	
ONE MET	ROPOLITA	AN SQUARE			
16TH FLO			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ST LOUIS	-	02	1657		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/812,351	DURACK ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
·	Dr. Kailash C. Srivastava	1655					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	<u> </u>						
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	1. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01/0	7/2005.						
<u> </u>	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	<del>-</del>						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-80</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) <u>1-80</u> are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> </ol>							
<ul><li>2. Certified copies of the priority document</li><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority</li></ul>							
application from the International Burea	-	ed in this National Stage					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ed.					
	•						
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Di 5) Notice of Informal F						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:						

## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Your application under prosecution at the United States Patent and Trademark Office (i.e., USPTO) is assigned to Dr. Kailash C. Srivastava in Art Unit 1655. To aid in correlating any papers for the instant application, all further correspondence regarding this application should be directed to Examiner Kailash C. Srivastava in Art Unit 1655.

#### **Claims Status**

2. Claims 1-80 are pending.

#### Election/Restriction

- 3. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. §121:
  - Group I, consisting of Claims 1-27 drawn to a multi-channel system, classified under Class 435, Subclass 288.3 for example.
  - Group II, consisting of Claims 28-44 drawn to a method to separate cells, classified under Class 436/63.
  - Group III, consisting of Claims 45-64 drawn to another multi-channel system to classify particles, classified under Class 436, Subclass 807.
  - Group IV, consisting of Claims 65-80 drawn to a method to classify particles according to their characteristics, classified under Class 436, Subclass 52.

### Inventions are Independent Or Distinct

4. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions in Groups I and III are related to inventions in Groups II and IV as product and use thereof. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different

process of using that product [MPEP § 806.05(h)]. The method of invention encompassed in Groups I-III invention for example can be accomplished with a number of other apparatuses (e.g., auto analyzers of a variety of types commercially available and sold in the market place). Similarly, product of inventions in Groups II and IV may also be characterized via a variety of commercially available techniques applying the instrumentation that is readily available in the pertinent market place.

Inventions in Groups I and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are unrelated because inventions of Group I encompasses Claims having different components and ultimately different effect than those comprising the invention in Group III.

Inventions in Groups II and IV are related to each other as Methods disclosed as usable together. The methods are distinct from each other if they are shown to be separately usable. In the instant case for example, invention in Group IV despite employing the compositions and steps in Group II has separate utility/effect because said method is applicable to effectively determine the properties of a particle that may or may not be living.

The inventions discussed above are independent and distinct, each from the other. They have acquired a separate status in the art as a separate subject for inventive effect and require independent searches. The search for each one of the above inventions is not coextensive particularly with regard to the literature search. For example the search strategy for invention in Group I requires to search for an apparatus/system, whereas the search strategy in each one of groups II and IV invention requires determining a particular property of a material. The search strategy for invention in Group IV would require different key words, e.g., not to look for a living material than that applicable to search for Group II invention. Thus, invention in each group requires a different search strategy than that required for the other group. Further, a reference that would anticipate the invention of one group would not necessarily anticipate or even make obvious another group. Finally, the consideration for patentability is different in each

case. Thus, it would be an undue burden to examine all of the above inventions in one application.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification (classification is a combination of Class and subclass, not merely the Class), and their recognized diverse subject matter, they would illicit an undue burden on the examiner to search and examine all the inventions in groups I- IV in one single application. Furthermore, the criteria for patentability may not be same for each of the recited groups and what may be applicable for one group may not at all be applicable to other group. Thus, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

5. Applicants are advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of an invention elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered non-responsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of additional claims which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR §1.141. Currently, Claims 1, 28, 45 and 65 are the generic claims. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

- 6. Applicants are reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR §1.48(b). Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR §1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR §1.17(I).
- 7. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier.

Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR §1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR §1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR §1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. §101, §102, §103, and §112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. **Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.** Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. §121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP §804.01.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Kailash C. Srivastava whose telephone number is (571) 272-0923. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 7:30 A.M. to 6:00 P.M. (Eastern Standard or Daylight Savings Time).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dr. Terry McKelvey, can be reached on (571)-272-0775 Monday through Friday 8:30 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571)-273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (i.e., PAIR) system. Status information for the published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (i.e., EBC) at: (866)-217-9197 (toll-free). Alternatively, status inquiries should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Kailash C. Srivastava, Ph.D.

Patent Examiner Art Unit <u>1655</u> (571) 272-0923

RALPH GITOMER PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1200

Meelouin

September 25, 2006